

anti- S100A9 antibody

Product Information

Catalog No.:	FNab07565
Size:	100µg
Form:	liquid
Purification:	Immunogen affinity purified
Purity:	≥95% as determined by SDS-PAGE
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	polyclonal
Clone ID:	None
IsoType:	IgG
Storage:	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3, -20°C for 12 months (Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.)

Background

S100A9 is a calcium-and zinc-binding protein which plays a prominent role in the regulation of inflammatory processes and immune response. It can induce neutrophil chemotaxis, adhesion, can increase the bactericidal activity of neutrophils by promoting phagocytosis via activation of SYK, PI3K/AKT, and ERK1/2 and can induce degranulation of neutrophils by a MAPK-dependent mechanism. Predominantly found as calprotectin(S100A8/A9) which has a wide plethora of intra-and extracellular functions. The intracellular functions include: facilitating leukocyte arachidonic acid trafficking and metabolism, modulation of the tubulin-dependent cytoskeleton during migration of phagocytes and activation of the neutrophilic NADPH-oxidase. Activates NADPH-oxidase by facilitating the enzyme complex assembly at the cell membrane, transferring arachidonic acid, an essential cofactor, to the enzyme complex and S100A8 contributes to the enzyme assembly by directly binding to NCF2/P67PHOX. The extracellular functions involve proinflammatory, antimicrobial, oxidant-scavenging and apoptosis-inducing activities. Its proinflammatory activity includes recruitment of leukocytes, promotion of cytokine and chemokine production, and regulation of leukocyte adhesion and migration. Acts as an alarmin or a danger associated molecular pattern(DAMP) molecule and stimulates innate immune cells via binding to pattern recognition receptors such as Toll-like receptor 4(TLR4) and receptor for advanced glycation endproducts(AGER). Binding to TLR4 and AGER activates the MAP-kinase and NF-kappa-B signaling pathways resulting in the amplification of the proinflammatory cascade. Has antimicrobial activity towards bacteria and fungi and exerts its antimicrobial activity probably via chelation of Zn(2+) which is essential for microbial growth.

Wuhan Fine Biotech Co., Ltd.

B9 Bld, High-Tech Medical Devices Park, No. 818 GaoxinAve.East Lake High-Tech Development Zone.Wuhan, Hubei, China(430206)

Tel :(0086)027-87384275

Fax: (0086)027-87800889 www.fn-test.com

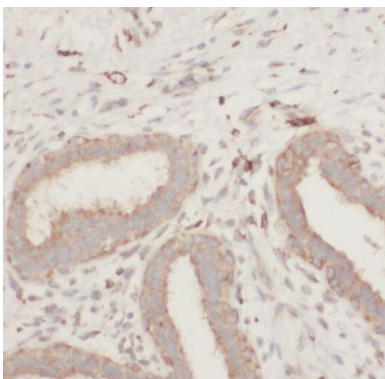
Can induce cell death via autophagy and apoptosis and this occurs through the cross-talk of mitochondria and lysosomes via reactive oxygen species(ROS) and the process involves BNIP3. Can regulate neutrophil number and apoptosis by an anti-apoptotic effect; regulates cell survival via ITGAM/ITGB and TLR4 and a signaling mechanism involving MEK-ERK. Its role as an oxidant scavenger has a protective role in preventing exaggerated tissue damage by scavenging oxidants. Can act as a potent amplifier of inflammation in autoimmunity as well as in cancer development and tumor spread. Has transnitrosylase activity; in oxidatively-modified low-densitylipoprotein(LDL(ox))-induced S-nitrosylation of GAPDH on 'Cys-247' proposed to transfer the NO moiety from NOS2/iNOS to GAPDH via its own S-nitrosylated Cys-3. The iNOS-S100A8/A9 transnitrosylase complex is proposed to also direct selective inflammatory stimulus-dependent S-nitrosylation of multiple targets such as ANXA5, EZR, MSN and VIM by recognizing a [IL]-x-C-x-x-[DE] motif.

Immunogen information

Immunogen: S100 calcium binding protein A9
Synonyms: CAGB, CFAG, MRP14
Observed MW: 14 kDa
UniprotID : P06702

Application

Reactivity: Human
Tested Application: ELISA, WB, IHC
Recommended dilution: WB: 1:500-1:2000; IHC: 1:20-1:200
Image:



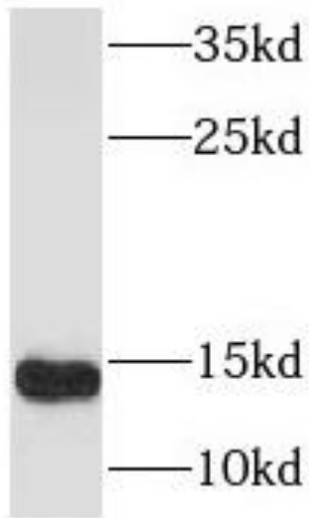
Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded human breast cancer tissue slide using FNab07565(S1009 Antibody) at dilution of 1:200

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human heart tissue were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with FNab07565(S100A9 antibody) at dilution of 1:500